Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Daviess County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	36,033	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	4,511	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	12.5%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,938	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	27.5%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,573	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	6.2%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	65.1%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	34.9%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,885	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.0%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Daviess County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,926	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	18.0%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	959	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3.8%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	1,180	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	3.3%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	522	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	11.6%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	39	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0.9%	2.7%

The poverty data are from the U.S. Census Bureau and were downloaded from American FactFinder at:

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Edmonson County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	4,648	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	895	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	19.3%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	239	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	35.8%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	656	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	16.5%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	26.7%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	73.3%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	351	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	7.6%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Edmonson County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	94	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	14.1%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	257	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	6.5%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	347	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	7.5%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	160	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	17.9%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	24	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	2.7%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Elliott County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,638	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	724	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	27.4%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	280	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	60.0%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	444	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	20.5%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	38.7%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	61.3%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	342	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	13.0%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Elliott County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	105	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	22.5%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	237	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	10.9%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	172	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.5%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	102	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	14.1%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	42	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	5.8%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Estill County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	6,108	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,618	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	26.5%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	690	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	43.3%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	928	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	20.6%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	42.6%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	57.4%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	822	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	13.5%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Estill County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	381	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	23.9%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	441	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.8%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	603	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	9.9%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	381	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	23.5%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	116	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	7.2%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Fayette County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	108,288	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	14,133	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	13.1%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	11,516	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	23.8%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,617	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	4.4%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	81.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	18.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8,590	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	7.9%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Fayette County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	6,836	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	14.1%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,754	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	2.9%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	2,990	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	2.8%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	1,160	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	8.2%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	88	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0.6%	2.7%

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Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Fleming County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	5,367	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,090	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	20.3%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	467	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	41.0%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	623	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	14.7%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	42.8%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	57.2%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	530	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.9%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Fleming County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	212	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	18.6%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	318	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	7.5%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	414	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	7.7%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	213	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	19.5%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	112	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	10.3%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Floyd County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



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Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	16,881	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	5,167	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	30.6%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,109	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	52.5%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	3,058	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	23.8%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	40.8%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	59.2%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,354	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	13.9%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

 \sim Housing and Poverty Update \sim

Floyd County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,075	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	26.8%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,279	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.9%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	1,707	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	10.1%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	1,075	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	20.8%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	94	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.8%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Franklin County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	19,907	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,305	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	11.6%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,635	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	23.3%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	670	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	5.2%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	70.9%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	29.1%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,621	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.1%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Franklin County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,201	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	17.1%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	420	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3.3%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	816	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	4.1%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	303	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	13.1%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	56	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	2.4%	2.7%

The poverty data are from the U.S. Census Bureau and were downloaded from American FactFinder at:

http://factfinder.census.gov/

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Fulton County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	3,237	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	842	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	26.0%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	533	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	46.0%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	309	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	14.9%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	63.3%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	36.7%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	471	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	14.6%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Fulton County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	399	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	34.5%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	72	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3.5%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	415	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	12.8%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	221	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	26.2%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	5	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0.6%	2.7%

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Community and Economic

Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Gallatin County



Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer
Department of Community and Leadership Development
June, 2003

Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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·		
	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,902	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	432	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	14.9%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	188	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	28.2%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	244	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	10.9%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	43.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	56.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	220	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and	7.6%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Gallatin County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	116	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	17.4%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	104	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	4.7%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	189	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.5%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	53	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	12.3%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	7	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.6%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ <u>Garrard County</u>

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	5,741	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	858	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	14.9%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	403	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	29.7%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	455	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	10.4%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	47.0%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	53.0%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	351	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	6.1%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Garrard County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	173	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	12.8%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	178	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	4.1%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	389	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.8%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	178	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	20.7%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	29	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	3.4%	2.7%

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Community and Economic

Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ **Grant County**

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	8,175	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	894	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	10.9%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	496	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	23.5%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	398	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	6.6%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	55.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	44.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	418	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.1%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Grant County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	236	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	11.2%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	182	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3.0%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	367	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	4.5%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	117	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	13.1%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	2	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0.2%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Graves County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	14,841	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,621	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	17.7%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,247	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	38.0%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,374	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	11.9%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	47.6%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	52.4%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,339	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.0%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Graves County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	756	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	23.0%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	583	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.0%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	728	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	4.9%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	290	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	11.1%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	30	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.1%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Gravson County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	9,596	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,795	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	18.7%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	774	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	35.5%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,021	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	13.8%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	43.1%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	56.9%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	846	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.8%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Grayson County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	373	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	17.1%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	473	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	6.4%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	657	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.8%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	276	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	15.4%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	72	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	4.0%	2.7%

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Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Green County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	4,706	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	917	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	19.5%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	445	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	43.7%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	472	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	12.8%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	48.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	51.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	408	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.7%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Green County

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Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	201	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	19.7%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	207	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.6%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	317	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.7%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	141	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	15.4%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	48	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	5.2%	2.7%

The poverty data are from the U.S. Census Bureau and were downloaded from American FactFinder at:

http://factfinder.census.gov/

Data are also available from the Kentucky State Data Center at:

http://ksdc.louisville.edu/

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