Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Bullitt County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	22,171	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,734	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	7.8%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	782	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	21.9%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	952	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	5.1%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	45.1%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	54.9%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	915	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	4.1%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

 \sim Housing and Poverty Update \sim

Bullitt County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	282	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	7.9%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	633	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3.4%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	468	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	2.1%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	169	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	9.7%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	48	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	2.8%	2.7%

The poverty data are from the U.S. Census Bureau and were downloaded from American FactFinder at:

http://factfinder.census.gov/

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Butler County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	5,059	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	950	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	18.8%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	356	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	34.3%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	594	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	14.8%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	37.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	62.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	399	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	7.9%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Butler County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	195	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	18.8%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	204	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.1%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	370	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	7.3%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	126	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	13.3%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	16	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.7%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Caldwell County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	5,431	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	909	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	16.7%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	408	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	33.2%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	501	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	11.9%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	44.9%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	55.1%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	412	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	7.6%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Caldwell County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	208	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	16.9%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	204	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	4.9%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	147	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	2.7%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	66	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	7.3%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	31	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	3.4%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Calloway County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	13,862	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,471	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	17.8%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,611	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	36.7%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	860	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	9.1%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	65.2%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	34.8%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	730	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.3%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Calloway County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	420	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.6%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	310	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3.3%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	455	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	3.3%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	123	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	5.0%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	25	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.0%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Campbell County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	34,742	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	3,420	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	9.8%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,381	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	22.1%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,039	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	4.3%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	69.6%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	30.4%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	3,628	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	10.4%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Campbell County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,384	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	22.1%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,244	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.2%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	818	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	2.4%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	379	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	11.1%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	37	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.1%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Carlisle County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,208	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	312	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	14.1%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	83	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	23.5%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	229	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	12.3%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	26.6%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	73.4%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	94	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	4.3%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Carlisle County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	44	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	12.5%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	50	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	2.7%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	136	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.2%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	39	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	12.5%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0.0%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Carroll County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	3,940	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	632	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	16.0%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	395	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	30.2%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	237	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	9.0%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	62.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	37.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	412	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	10.5%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Carroll County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	272	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	20.8%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	140	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	5.3%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	301	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	7.6%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	80	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	12.7%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	12	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	1.9%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Carter County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	10,342	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,280	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	22.0%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	842	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	42.8%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,438	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	17.2%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	36.9%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	63.1%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,147	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	11.1%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Carter County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	451	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	22.9%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	696	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.3%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	751	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	7.3%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	342	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	15.0%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	74	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	3.2%	2.7%

The poverty data are from the U.S. Census Bureau and were downloaded from American FactFinder at:

http://factfinder.census.gov/

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Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Casey County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	6,260	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,641	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	26.2%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	584	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	49.3%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,057	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	20.8%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	35.6%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	64.4%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	723	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	11.5%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Casey County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	<u>State</u>
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	263	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	22.2%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	460	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.1%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	595	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	9.5%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	339	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	20.7%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	134	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	8.2%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Christian County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	24,857	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	3,750	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	15.1%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,532	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	22.8%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,218	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	8.9%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	67.5%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	32.5%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,413	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.7%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Christian County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,592	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	14.3%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	821	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	6.0%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	985	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	4.0%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	372	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	9.9%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	112	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	3.0%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Clark County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	13,015	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,461	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	11.2%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	961	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	23.5%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	500	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	5.6%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	65.8%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	34.2%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,065	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.2%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Clark County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	704	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	17.2%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	361	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	4.0%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	526	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	4.0%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	144	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	9.9%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	6	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	0.4%	2.7%

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Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ <u>Clay County</u>

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	8,556	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	3,357	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	39.2%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,201	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	55.7%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	2,156	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	33.7%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	35.8%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	64.2%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	1,208	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	14.1%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Clay County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	506	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	23.4%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	702	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	11.0%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	1,514	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	17.7%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	1,054	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	31.4%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	188	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	5.6%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Clinton County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	4,086	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	1,184	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	29.0%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	406	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	43.6%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	778	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	24.7%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	34.3%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	65.7%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	427	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	10.5%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Clinton County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	217	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	23.3%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	210	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	6.7%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	381	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	9.3%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	177	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	14.9%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	31	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	2.6%	2.7%

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Development Extension Programs

Community and Economic

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Crittenden County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2 % in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	3,829	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	695	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	18.2%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	307	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	40.8%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	388	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	12.6%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	44.2%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	55.8%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	375	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.8%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Crittenden County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	<u>State</u>
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	117	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	15.5%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	258	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	8.4%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	233	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	6.1%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	133	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	19.1%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	27	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	3.9%	2.7%

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Community and Economic
Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~ Cumberland County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003



Housing is a critical issue facing many households in poverty. Just as poverty rates tend to be higher in rural areas, so too are rural households in poverty more likely to be homeowners. In nonmetropolitan areas of Kentucky, 55.8% of households below poverty were home owners compared to 31.2% in metropolitan areas. By contrast, metro households in poverty are more likely to be renters. While home ownership is generally considered to be a more stable form of housing, it is important to remember that many in rural areas still face issues of low quality housing and affordability, even if they own their own homes. This issue of "Kentucky: By the Numbers" is one in a series of several profiles examining different aspects of poverty at the county level in Kentucky.

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	County	State
Total Number of Households (above and below poverty) (2000)	2,976	1,590,647
Total Number of Households Below Poverty (2000)	785	258,455
Percent of all Households who are Below Poverty (2000)	26.4%	16.2%
Renters and Owners		
Number of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	284	137,158
Percent of Renter Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	42.6%	29.5%
Number of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	501	121,297
Percent of Owner Occupied Households Below Poverty (2000)	21.7%	10.8%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Renter Occupied (2000)	36.2%	53.1%
Percent of all Households Below Poverty Owner Occupied (2000)	63.8%	46.9%
	100%	100%
Households without Vehicles		
Number of all Households with No Vehicles Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	374	148,691
Percent of all Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	12.6%	9.3%

Social and Economic Education for Development



Community and Economic Development Extension Programs

KENTUCKY: BY THE NUMBERS

~ Housing and Poverty Update ~

Cumberland County

Julie N. Zimmerman and Alissa Meyer Department of Community and Leadership Development June, 2003





Households without Vehicles (continued)	County	State
Number of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	163	87,200
Percent of Renter Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	24.4%	18.7%
Number of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	211	61,491
Percent of Owner Occupied Households with No Vehicle Available (above and below poverty) (2000)	9.1%	5.5%
Households without Phones		
Total Number of Households without Phone Service (2000)	274	74,612
Percent of Households without Phone Service (2000)	9.2%	4.7%
Number of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	125	40,830
Percent of Households Below Poverty without Phone Service (2000)	15.9%	15.8%
Households without Complete Plumbing Facilities		
Number of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	44	6,962
Percent of Households Below Poverty that are without Complete Plumbing Facilities (2000)	5.6%	2.7%

The poverty data are from the U.S. Census Bureau and were downloaded from American FactFinder at:

http://factfinder.census.gov/

Data are also available from the Kentucky State Data Center at:

http://ksdc.louisville.edu/

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