
－The estimated food insecurity rate for Pike County is $\mathbf{1 8 . 7} \%$ ，compared to $15.5 \%$ for the state．${ }^{27}$
－From 2010 to 2016 ，the number of grocery stores increased by $\mathbf{1 5 . 0 \%}$ ，from 20 to $\mathbf{2 3}$ stores．${ }^{16}$
－In 2013－2015，34．6\％（31．2\％－38．0\％）of adults ages 20 and over reported no leisure time physical activity．${ }^{24}$
－The Urban Institute estimates that $\mathbf{3 5 \%}$ of people in Pike County with a credit bureau record in 2016 had medical debt in collections compared to $27 \%$ for the state as a whole．${ }^{10}$
－$\quad \mathbf{1 5 . 7 \%}(12.4 \%-19.7 \%)$ of adults reported that there was a time in past year when they needed to see a doctor but could not because of the cost．${ }^{25}$


[^0]Pike County
Data Profile

Pike County＇s Data Profile is provided by the Kentucky：By The Numbers program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development for the Community Assessments conducted by the University of Kentucky＇s Cooperative Extension Service．These secondary data profiles supplement the survey，focus groups，and key informant interviews conducted in each county across the state through the County Extension Offices and coordinated by Community and Economic Development Initiative of Kentucky（CEDIK）．

The overall goals for the Community Assessments are：
－To gain a better understanding of the county＇s pressing issues；
－To enhance Extension＇s place－based approach by providing information on locally relevant issues in counties；
－To gain a better understanding of how Extension can support important community change to improve Kentucky；
－To provide a statewide view of how top issues are distributed across the state．
For more information on the Community Assessment process，visit https：／／extension．ca．uky．edu／communityassessment For additional data or other data－related assistance，contact：Dr．Julie N．Zimmerman（izimm＠uky．edu）

## County Demographics

| Population | $\underline{2010}{ }^{1}$ | $\underline{2017}{ }^{\text {2 }}$ | $2025{ }^{3}$ | Percent Change Total Population ${ }^{6}$ 2010－2017 and 2017－2025 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 65，024 | 58，883 | 56，810 | 日 Pike | 回 Kentucky |
| Ages 65 and over | 8，922 |  | 12，061 |  |  |
|  | $\underline{\text { 2010－2017 }}{ }^{4}$ |  |  | 2．6\％ | 4．0\％ |
| Net Migration（in／out） | －5，268 |  |  | $\square$ |  |
| Race／Ethnicity | $\underline{2010}{ }^{1}$ |  | $\underline{2016}{ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| White | 63，456 |  | 58，795 |  | －3．5\％ |
| Black or African American | 357 |  | 469 |  |  |
| Asian | 295 |  | 311 | －9．4\％ |  |
| Other and 2 or more races | 470 |  | 479 | 2010－2017 | 2017－2025 |
| Hispanic | 446 |  | 501 |  |  |

－From 2010 to 2017，the total population in Pike County decreased by－6，141 people．${ }^{2}$
－Between April 2010 and June 2017，there was an estimated net out migration of $-5,268$ people．${ }^{4}$
－In 2016，the composition of Pike County＇s population is estimated to be $\mathbf{9 7 . 1 \%}$ White， $\mathbf{0 . 8 \%}$ Black／African American， $\mathbf{0 . 5 \%}$ Asian， $\mathbf{0 . 8 \%}$ other and 2 or more races，and $\mathbf{0 . 8 \%}$ Hispanic．${ }^{5}$
－From 2017 to 2025，the total population in Pike County is projected to decrease by $\mathbf{- 2 , 0 7 3}$ people．${ }^{3}$
－As baby boomers are entering retirement，between 2010 and 2025 the population ages 65 and over in Pike County are projected to increase by $35.2 \%$ compared to $51.9 \%$ for the state as a whole．${ }^{3}$

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University of Kentucky College of Agriculture，
Food and Environment Cooperative Extension Service

Educational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extension serve all people regardless of economic or social status
 veteran status，or physical or mental disability．UNiVERSITY OF KENTUCKY，KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITTY，U．S．


- In 2016, Pike County's official poverty rate was $\mathbf{3 1 . 4 \%}(28.2 \%-34.6 \%)$, compared to $18.2 \%(17.9 \%-18.6 \%)$ for the state as a whole. ${ }^{8}$
- In 2017, there were $\mathbf{9}$ child care centers in Pike County. Of these $\mathbf{7}$ were STARS certified. ${ }^{9}$
- Between 2012-2016, 1.5\% (+/-0.3\%) of people ages 5 and over spoke a language other than English at home. ${ }^{7}$ The Urban Institute estimates that $\mathbf{1 3 \%}$ people in Pike County with a credit bureau record in 2016 had student loan debt compared to $16 \%$ for the state. ${ }^{10}$

| Agriculture (Data from the 2017 Ag Census will be available in 2019) |  | Average Per Farm - Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold ${ }^{14}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Farms* $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 0 7}}^{12}$ | $2012{ }^{13}$ | ■ Pike $\quad$ Kentucky |  |
| Total number of farms 70 | 56 |  | 755 |
| Percent of land in farms 2.8\% | 2.7\% | \$56,586 |  |
| Average farm size (acres) 203 | 239 |  |  |
|  | $\underline{2012}{ }^{13}$ | \$5,737 \$10,015 |  |
| Income from agri-tourism and recreational services | \$0 | 20072012 |  |
| Number of farms marketing products directly to retail outlets | 3 | Percent of Principal Operators | $\underline{2012}{ }^{13}$ |
| Average value per farm of agricultural products sold directly to individuals for human consumption | \$6,645 | ... who are female <br> ... under age 35 <br> ... farming as primary occupation | $\begin{gathered} 10.7 \% \\ 0.0 \% \\ 42.9 \% \end{gathered}$ |

- In 2012, the total market value of agricultural products sold in Pike County was $\$ \mathbf{5 6 1 , 0 0 0}{ }^{13}$
- Of the total market value of agricultural products sold, $\mathbf{4 0 . 9 \%}$ was the value of crops and $\mathbf{5 9 . 1 \%}$ was the value of livestock, poultry, and their products.
- The total farm production expenses (average per farm) was $\$ 29,731$ compared to $\$ 62,002$ for the state. ${ }^{13}$
- In Pike County, there were $\mathbf{1 5}$ hired farm labor workers on 9 farms. ${ }^{13}$
- $\mathbf{9 6 . 4 \%}$ of farms were operated by a family or an individual compared to $91.0 \%$ for the state. ${ }^{13}$

Jobs, Economy, and Labor Force



Avg Weekly Wage ${ }^{18}$
... All Industries (Private \& Govt)
.. Goods-producing (Private) .. Service-providing (Private)

- In 2017, the number of private establishments covered by unemployment insurance in Pike County was 196 for goods-producing, $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 6}$ for service-providing, and $\mathbf{1 1 3}$ for hospitality \& leisure. ${ }^{18}$
- Between 2012 and 2016, of the $\mathbf{2 0 , 3 7 7}(+/-736)$ workers ages 16 and over, $\mathbf{8 4 . 7 \%}(+/-1.7 \%)$ worked inside the county, $6.7 \%(+/-1.2 \%)$ worked outside the county and $8.6 \%(+/-1.2 \%)$ worked outside Kentucky. ${ }^{7}$
- Between 2012 and $2016,4.7 \%(+/-1.3 \%)$ of workers ages 16 and over who worked full-time year round were below poverty compared to $3.5 \%(+/-0.1 \%)$ for the state as a whole. ${ }^{7}$
- $\mathbf{1 7 . 8} \%$ of 2016 HS graduates in the county earned an industry certificate compared to $19.2 \%$ for the state. ${ }^{19}$

| Youth |  |  |  |  <br> 35.5\% of students entered KY public postsecondary institutions underprepared in one or more subjects (2015). ${ }^{21}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population by Age | $\underline{2010}{ }^{1}$ | $\underline{2017}{ }^{2}$ | $\underline{2025}{ }^{3}$ |  |
| Under 5 years old | 3,812 | 3,183 | 3,144 |  |
| 5-9 years old | 3,831 | 3,342 | 3,326 |  |
| 10-14 years old | 4,053 | 3,509 | 3,505 |  |
| 15-19 years old | 4,253 | 3,469 | 3,348 |  |
| Children by Relationship to Householder ... Own Children (Biological, Adopted, Stepchild) |  | 2012-2016 ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |
|  |  | 11,015 (+/-336) |  |  |
| ... Grandchild |  | 1,677 (+/-279) |  |  |
| ... Other Relative |  | 362 (+/- 150) |  |  |
| ... Foster/Unrelated |  |  |  |  |

- Between 2012-2016, there were an estimated $\mathbf{1 , 1 9 0}(+/-207)$ youth ages $5-17$ who had a disability. ${ }^{7}$
- $57.1 \%$ of $3^{\text {rd }}$ grade students in Pike County scored proficient or distinguished on math in the 2015-16 school year compared to $47.7 \%$ for the state. ${ }^{22}$
- 5,376 (+/-499) youth under age 18 lived in households that received supplemental security income (SSI), cash public assistance, or food stamps/SNAP in the past 12 months (2012-2016). ${ }^{7}$


[^0]:    Julie N．Zimmerman and Cameron MCAlister．January 2019．Kentucky：By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucy
    Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky．For more information contact your Iocal Cooperative Extension office or Dr．Julie N．Z．Zimmerman．Ppofessoro f Rural
    

