

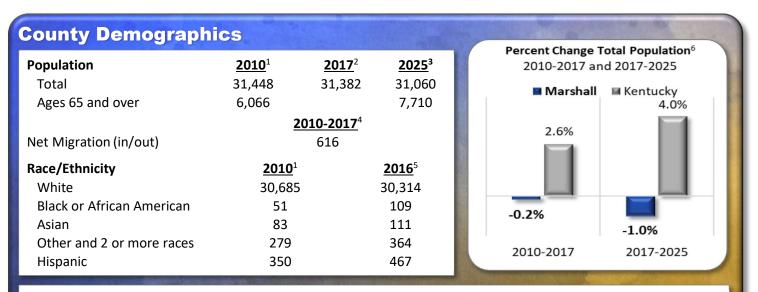
Marshall County Data Profile

Marshall County's Data Profile is provided by the **Kentucky: By The Numbers** program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development for the Community Assessments conducted by the University of Kentucky's Cooperative Extension Service. These secondary data profiles supplement the survey, focus groups, and key informant interviews conducted in each county across the state through the County Extension Offices and coordinated by Community and Economic Development Initiative of Kentucky (CEDIK).

The overall goals for the Community Assessments are:

- To gain a better understanding of the county's pressing issues;
- To enhance Extension's place-based approach by providing information on locally relevant issues in counties;
- To gain a better understanding of how Extension can support important community change to improve Kentucky;
- To provide a statewide view of how top issues are distributed across the state.

For more information on the Community Assessment process, visit <u>https://extension.ca.uky.edu/communityassessment</u> For additional data or other data-related assistance, contact: Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman (jzimm@uky.edu)

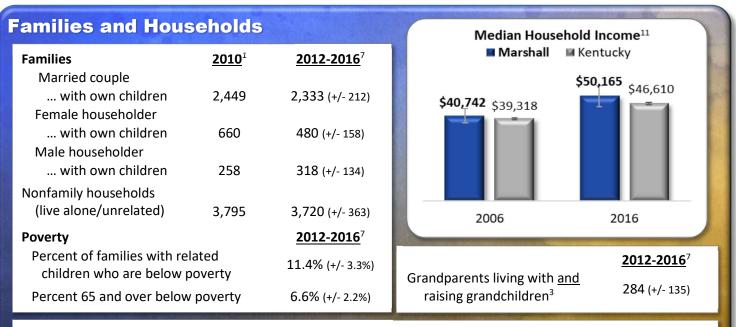


- From 2010 to 2017, the total population in Marshall County decreased by -66 people.²
- Between April 2010 and June 2017, there was an estimated <u>net in migration</u> of 616 people.⁴
- In 2016, the composition of Marshall County's population is estimated to be 96.6% White, 0.3% Black/African American, 0.4% Asian, 1.2% other and 2 or more races, and 1.5% Hispanic.⁵
- From 2017 to 2025, the total population in Marshall County is **projected** to **decrease** by **-322** people.³
- As baby boomers are entering retirement, between 2010 and 2025 the population ages 65 and over in Marshall County are projected to increase by 27.1% compared to 51.9% for the state as a whole.³



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In 2016, Marshall County's official poverty rate was 12.1% (9.6% - 14.6%), compared to 18.2% (17.9% - 18.6%) for the state as a whole.⁸

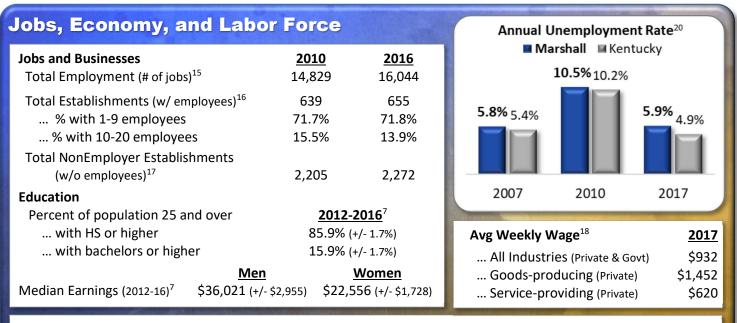
- In 2017, there were 9 child care centers in Marshall County. Of these 8 were STARS certified.⁹
- Between 2012-2016, 1.3% (+/-0.4%) of people ages 5 and over spoke a language other than English at home.⁷
- The Urban Institute estimates that **12%** people in Marshall County with a credit bureau record in 2016 had student loan debt compared to 16% for the state.¹⁰

Agriculture (Data from the 2017)	Ag Census will	Average Per Farm - Market Value of Agricultural Products Sold ¹⁴	
Farms*	2007 ¹²	<u>2012</u> 13	Marshall Kentucky
Total number of farms	867	719	\$63,041 \$65,755
Percent of land in farms	50.7%	49.2%	\$56,586
Average farm size (acres)	113	132	\$35,074
Income from agri-tourism and		<u>2012</u> ¹³	
recreational services		N/A	2007 2012
Number of farms marketing products directly to retail outlets		7	Percent of Principal Operators <u>2012</u> ¹³
Average value per farm of agricultural products sold directly individuals for human consumpti		\$4,199	who are female10.3% under age 353.3% farming as primary occupation27.8%

• In 2012, the total market value of agricultural products sold in Marshall County was \$45,327,000.13

- Of the total market value of agricultural products sold, **31.7%** was the value of crops and **68.3%** was the value of livestock, poultry, and their products.¹³
- The total farm production expenses (average per farm) was \$60,399 compared to \$62,002 for the state.¹³
- In Marshall County, there were **299** hired farm labor workers on **121** farms.¹³
- 93.1% of farms were operated by a family or an individual compared to 91.0% for the state.¹³

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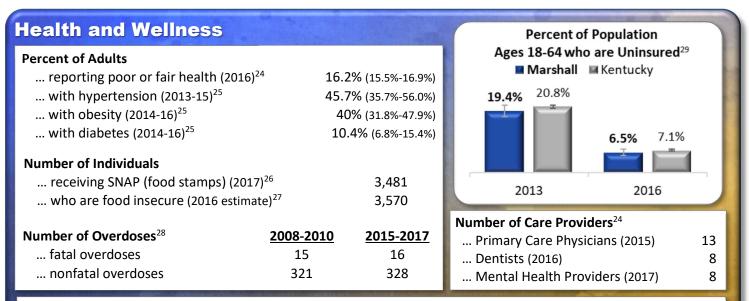
In 2017, the number of private establishments covered by unemployment insurance in Marshall County was
 139 for goods-producing, 602 for service-providing, and 94 for hospitality & leisure.¹⁸

- Between 2012 and 2016, of the 12,759 (+/- 543) workers ages 16 and over, 58.2% (+/- 3.3%) worked inside the county, 39.4% (+/-1.1%) worked outside the county and 2.4% (+/-1.1%) worked outside Kentucky.⁷
- Between 2012 and 2016, **1.9%** (+/-0.7%) of workers ages 16 and over who worked full-time year round were below poverty compared to 3.5% (+/- 0.1%) for the state as a whole.⁷
- 26.1% of 2016 HS graduates in the county earned an industry certificate compared to 19.2% for the state.¹⁹

Youth				Child Poverty Rate ²³		
Population by Age	2010 ¹	<u>2017</u> ²	2025 ³	Marshall Kentucky		
Under 5 years old	1,668	1,746	1,624	23.6% 26.1% 24.4%		
5-9 years old	1,836	1,749	1,777	18.4% ¹ 18.5% 19.2% ¹		
10-14 years old	1,820	1,871	1,875			
15-19 years old	1,938	1,751	1,719			
Children by Relationshi	p to Househol					
Own Children (Bic Adopted, Stepchi			.9 (+/- 223)	2007 2010 2016		
Grandchild		461	L (+/- 142)	10.9% of students entered KV public		
Other Relative		11	2 (+/- 84)	19.8% of students entered KY public postsecondary institutions underprepared		
Foster/Unrelated		298 (+/- 141)		in one or more subjects (2015). ²¹		

- Between 2012-2016, there were an estimated 236 (+/-139) youth ages 5-17 who had a disability.⁷
- **49.3%** of 3rd grade students in Marshall County scored proficient or distinguished on math in the 2015-16 school year compared to 47.7% for the state.²²
- **1,527** (+/- 384) youth under age 18 lived in households that received supplemental security income (SSI), cash public assistance, or food stamps/SNAP in the past 12 months (2012-2016).⁷

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• The estimated food insecurity rate for Marshall County is **11.5%**, compared to 15.5% for the state.²⁷

- From 2010 to 2016, the number of grocery stores decreased by 10.0%, from 10 to 9 stores.¹⁶
- In 2013-2015, **30.0%** (25.2%-35.1%) of adults ages 20 and over reported no leisure time physical activity.²⁴
- The Urban Institute estimates that **13%** of people in Marshall County with a credit bureau record in 2016 had medical debt in collections compared to 27% for the state as a whole.¹⁰
- **14.2%** (9.0%-21.8%) of adults reported that there was a time in past year when they needed to see a doctor but could not because of the cost.²⁵

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- https://apps.urban.org/features/debt-interactive-map/
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- Map the Meal Gap. http://map.feedingamerica.org/
- Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW). https://www.bls.gov/cew/
- Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE). https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/sahie.html
- Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE). https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/saipe.html

Additional data are also available at:

Kentucky: By The Numbers (<u>http://www2.ca.uky.edu/snarl/index.htm</u>), the FCS Building Strong Families profiles (<u>http://hes.uky.edu/StrongFamilies</u>), and the CEDIK county profiles (<u>https://cedik.ca.uky.edu/CountyDataProfiles</u>).

Julie N. Zimmerman and Cameron McAlister. January 2019. Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman. Professor of Rural Sociology. Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@uky.edu.