

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Grant County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	24,662	4,339,367
Population in Households	24,205	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	457	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.9%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	437	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	95.6%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	288	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	149	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	20	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	4.4%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	20	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Graves County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	37,121	4,339,367
Population in Households	36,573	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	548	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.5%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	397	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	72.4%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	82	41,122
Juvenile facilities	60	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	255	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	151	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	27.6%	43.8%
College/University student housing	85	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	66	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Grayson County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	25,746	4,339,367
Population in Households	24,978	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	768	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	3.0%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	768	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	100.0%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	602	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	166	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	0	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	0.0%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	0	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Green County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	11,258	4,339,367
Population in Households	11,145	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	113	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.0%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	104	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	92.0%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	0	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	104	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	9	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	8.0%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	9	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Greenup County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	36,910	4,339,367
Population in Households	36,456	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	454	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.2%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	424	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	93.4%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	130	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	294	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	30	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	6.6%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	30	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Hancock County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	8,565	4,339,367
Population in Households	8,475	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	90	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.1%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	39	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	43.3%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	0	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	39	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	51	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	56.7%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	51	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Hardin County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	105,543	4,339,367
Population in Households	102,287	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	3,256	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	3.1%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	1,163	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	35.7%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	625	41,122
Juvenile facilities	98	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	440	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	2,093	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	64.3%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	2,013	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	80	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Harlan County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	29,278	4,339,367
Population in Households	28,651	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	627	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	2.1%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	440	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	70.2%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	192	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	227	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	21	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	187	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	29.8%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	187	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Harrison County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	18,846	4,339,367
Population in Households	18,571	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	275	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.5%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	174	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	63.3%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	0	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	174	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	101	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	36.7%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	101	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Hart County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	18,199	4,339,367
Population in Households	17,972	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	227	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.2%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	227	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	100.0%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	121	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	106	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	0	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	0.0%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	0	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Henderson County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	46,250	4,339,367
Population in Households	45,085	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	1,165	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	2.5%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	806	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	69.2%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	544	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	262	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	359	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	30.8%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	359	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Henry County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	15,416	4,339,367
Population in Households	15,336	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	80	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	0.5%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	77	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	96.3%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	0	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	77	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	3	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	3.8%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	3	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Hickman County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	4,902	4,339,367
Population in Households	4,690	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	212	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	4.3%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	212	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	100.0%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	73	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	139	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	0	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	0.0%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	0	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Hopkins County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	46,920	4,339,367
Population in Households	45,834	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	1,086	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	2.3%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	1,073	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	98.8%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	450	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	623	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	13	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	1.2%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	13	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Jackson County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	13,494	4,339,367
Population in Households	13,384	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	110	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	0.8%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	110	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	100.0%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	34	41,122
Juvenile facilities	17	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	59	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	0	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	0.0%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	0	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Jefferson County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	741,096	4,339,367
Population in Households	726,943	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	14,153	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.9%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	8,529	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	60.3%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	2,662	41,122
Juvenile facilities	560	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	4,831	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	476	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	5,624	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	39.7%	43.8%
College/University student housing	3,307	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	2,317	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Jessamine County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	48,586	4,339,367
Population in Households	46,807	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	1,779	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	3.7%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	593	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	33.3%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	189	41,122
Juvenile facilities	19	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	385	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	1,186	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	66.7%	43.8%
College/University student housing	1,111	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	75	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Johnson County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	23,356	4,339,367
Population in Households	22,828	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	528	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	2.3%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	469	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	88.8%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	231	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	105	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	133	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	59	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	11.2%	43.8%
College/University student housing	0	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	59	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Kenton County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	159,720	4,339,367
Population in Households	157,388	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	2,332	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	1.5%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	1,349	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	57.8%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	498	41,122
Juvenile facilities	58	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	793	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	983	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	42.2%	43.8%
College/University student housing	272	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	711	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University

~ Group Living 2010 ~

Knott County

Julie N. Zimmerman

Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development
September, 2012

Group living is another way of thinking about the people in our counties who live in what is called “Group Quarters.” Group quarters includes everyone who does not live in a household (e.g. families, roommates, singles, and extended or multiple families). There are two kinds of group quarters: institutional and noninstitutional. Institutional group quarters include places such as nursing homes or correctional facilities. Noninstitutional group quarters are places like college dorms or military housing.

For more information on the Census Bureau’s definition of Group Quarters, click on “glossary” on the American FactFinder website at <http://factfinder2.census.gov/>

The Kentucky: By the Numbers Data Series provides county profiles developed to support local decision making. The entire series is available at <http://www.ca.uky.edu/snarl>.

	County	State
Total Population	16,346	4,339,367
Population in Households	15,669	4,213,497
Population in Group Quarters	677	125,870
Percent of the Total Population who Live in Group Quarters	4.1%	2.9%
Type of Group Quarters		
Institutional Group Quarters Population (Under care/supervision/custody with trained staff, referred to as “patients” or “inmates,” and generally restricted to the institution.)	165	70,779
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Institutional Group Quarters	24.4%	56.2%
Correctional facilities for adults	0	41,122
Juvenile facilities	0	2,144
Nursing facilities/Skilled-nursing facilities	165	26,044
Other institutional facilities (e.g. psychiatric hospitals, inpatient hospice, etc.)	0	1,469
Noninstitutional Group Quarters Population (Group living other than institutional group quarters.)	512	55,091
Percent of Group Quarters Population Living in Noninstitutional Group Quarters	75.6%	43.8%
College/University student housing	393	36,340
Military quarters	0	5,856
Other noninstitutional facilities (e.g. emergency or transitional shelters, etc.)	119	12,895

These data are from **Table P42** and **Table P29** of the 2010 Census.

Additional data are available at the U.S. Census Bureau’s American FactFinder Website:

<http://factfinder2.census.gov>

or, at the Kentucky State Data Center:

<http://ksdc.louisville.edu/>

Kentucky: By The Numbers is a program in the Department of Community and Leadership Development and the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service at the University of Kentucky. For more information contact your local Cooperative Extension office or Dr. Julie N. Zimmerman, Associate Professor, Rural Sociology, Department of Community and Leadership Development, 500 Garrigus Building, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40546-0215. email: jzimm@email.uky.edu.

Educational programs of the Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service serve all people regardless of race, color, age, sex, religion, disability, or national origin.
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY, KENTUCKY STATE UNIVERSITY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, AND KENTUCKY COUNTIES, COOPERATING
An Equal Opportunity University